

The Advanced Green Bank Telescope:
Planning for the Next Decade
Welcome and Overview







Green Bank Observatory enables leading edge research at radio wavelengths by offering telescope, facility and advanced instrumentation access to the astronomy community as well as to other basic and applied research communities. With radio astronomy as its foundation, the Green Bank Observatory is a world leader in advancing research, innovation, and education.



Briefly

- Located in Green Bank, WV
- Original site of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory
- Split from NRAO to become Green Bank Observatory in 2016
- Home of 7 large telescopes, including the 100-m GBT
- Managed by Associated
 Universities, Inc since inception





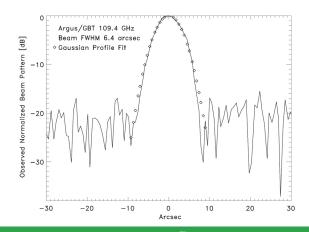




A World Class Facility for Science Research



- 100m Diameter
- •85% sky coverage
- •0.2 116 GHz range
- Unblocked aperture
- Phenomenal sensitivity (μJy)
- •30% aperture eff. at 100 GHz
- 6800 hours available annually









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User Community:

- >3000 individual scientists proposed to use the GBT in past 5 years*
- Span range of disciplines from planetary science to chemistry and physics
- Roughly 20% of proposers are new each semester

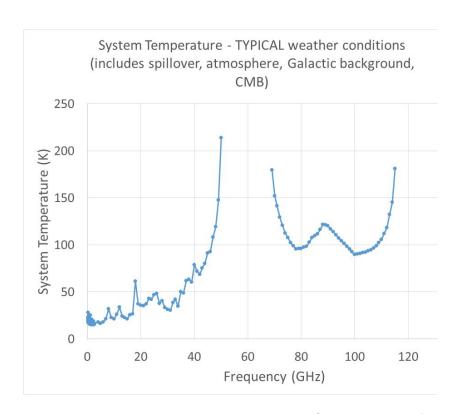
^{*}Based on number of individual email addresses

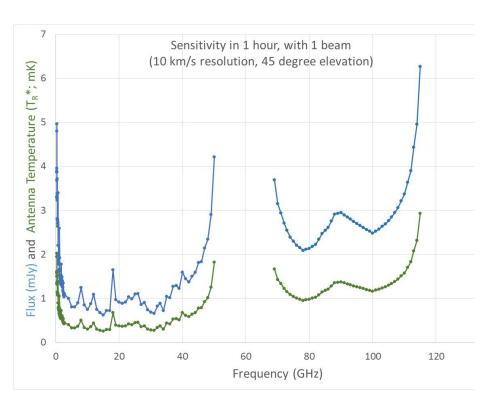






Current Instrumentation





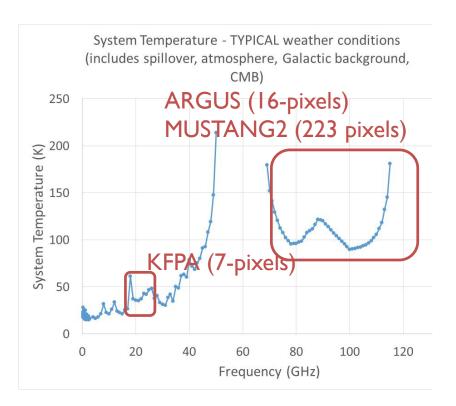
- Frequency coverage from 0.2 through 116 GHz (non-contiguous)
- Most receivers are single/dual pixel, however...
 - Four multi-pixel 'cameras' now available on the GBT

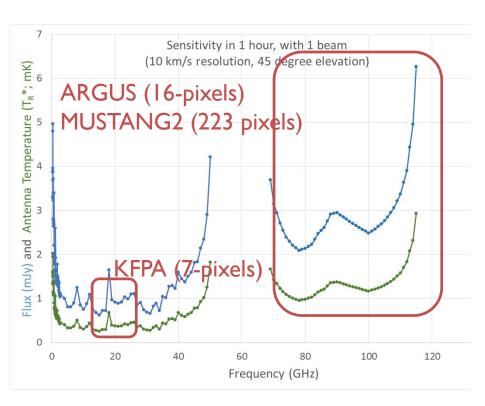






Current Instrumentation





- Frequency coverage from 0.2 through 116 GHz (non-contiguous)
- Most receivers are single/dual pixel, however...
 - Three multi-pixel 'cameras' now available on the GBT







Current Instrumentation

- Signal travels~1mile from telescope to control room
- Primary backend VEGAS
 - FPGA+GPU system; 100-1500 MHz bandwidth x8
 - Spectral Line + Pulsar modes
- Other available backends:
 - Digital Continuum Receiver
 - VLBI Mark VI recorder
 - Radar
 - Breakthrough Listen
 - Caltech Continuum Backend (CCB)
 - Ready ability to add additional system to telescope





Upcoming Instrumentation

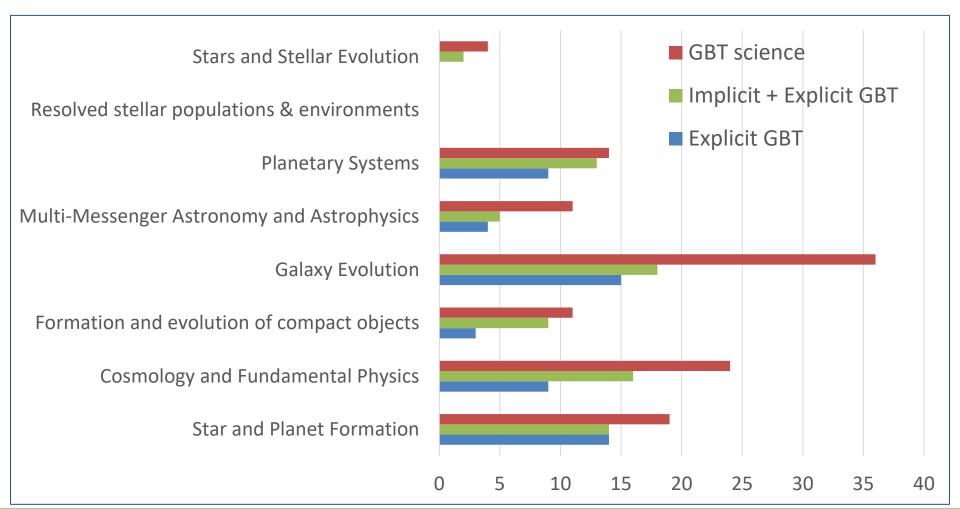
- LASSI (Laser Active Surface Scanning Instrument NSF-MSIP; 175.175):
 - Real time surface corrections using laser scanner
 - Increase high frequency hours ~1,000/year + during the day
 - Will ease scheduling issues, benefit all science
- Ultra Wideband Feed (Gordan & Betty Moore Foundation; 175.17, 175.18):
 - -0.6-2.8 GHz feed optimized for pulsar work; Tsys ~30 K
 - Doubles the sensitivity of the GBT for most pulsar timing
- Digital Interference Excision (NSF-ATI; 109.30):
 - Research proposal for automatic detection and incision of RFI
 - Build next-generation DSP board for UWB receiver





Science Impact

Astro2020 Science Papers







Milestones:

Innovative REU/RET Program

Updated Exhibits

GBT Data Program

20 M Telescope Improvement

Teacher PD Plan

Marketing/
Dissemination
Plan

Teachers & Faculty

The Future of EPO:

Engagement across

Expanding STEM

STEM Pathways

- RET Program
- Teacher Workshops
- Curriculum Repository

Undergraduates

- Immersion: Expanding multi-disciplinary research opportunities for first generation UG;
- Leadership: Expanding UG outreach

K-12 Students

- Immersion: Doubling PING residential research program
- Outreach: Increasing high impact outreach to WV Schools through WV SPOT
- Engagement: expanding access to radio astronomy and radio astronomy data

Families and the Public

- Improving Science Center Exhibits
- Sustained Engagement: Deploy programmatic resources online, develop podcasts, increase online events
- Increasing opportunities for families to experience STEM

2025

2023 2024

2022

2021

020

Current Status

- Environmental impact/historical assessment process complete
- AUI awarded 5-yr cooperative agreement (FY20-FY24)
- Total contract is approximately 62% of operating costs
 - 80% of funding from NSF; 20% of funding from NRL
- Open skies time on GBT approx. ≤62% of total time available
- Other partners include:
 - Breakthrough Listen (~20%)
 - NANOGrav (~5%)
 - West Virginia University (~2.5%) (FY20)
 - Other groups/contracts (remaining 10.5%)





Current Status – Reduced Open Skies Time

- Total open skies time on GBT equals fraction of operational costs covered by NSF for open skies
- Many contracts required fixed and/or windowed observations
 - ➤ Reduction in open skies time has significantly greater effect on fixed, windowed, and excellent weather observations
- Contracts can also place requirements on receiver availability

Need to ensure that we can maximize science from the available open skies time on the GBT





The Advanced GBT

- Numerous internal and external workshops held to understand community needs for the next decade
- Need to finalize plan in light of community/astro2020 desires

Decade (2020 – 2030)
Radio
Cameras

Phased Array Feed Technology FLAG -> KPAF, FLAG2

Traditional Feedhorn Arrays

KFPA -> ARGUS -> ARGUS+

Bolometer ArraysMUSTANG -> MUSTANG 1.5 -> MUSTANG2

Optimized Feeds

Infrastructure

Wide-band Feeds

UWB (0.8 – 4.0 GHz) -> Increase across all bands

Optimized Feed technology

L-band -> ??

Green Bank Telescope

the Next

2.

Shared spectrum

Digitized IF -> Improved RFI Resiliance

Data Archive

Archive tool -> facility -> clouds + hard storage

Improved data processing tools

Port of existing tools to pipeline

Increased hours: high frequency science

LASSI -> LASSI2





The Advanced GBT

Session Goals

- Numerous internal and external workshops held to understand community needs for the next decade
- Need to finalize plan in light of community/astro2020 desires
- Solicit interest and ideas from the community on plans
- Solicit volunteers for focused working groups interested in collaborating on instrumentation projects

Radio Cameras

2030)

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Next







greenbankobservatory.org

The Green Bank Observatory is a facility of the National Science Foundation operated under cooperative agreement by Associated Universities, Inc.





